

9. razred – TJA, navodila za delo

4. teden (od 6. 4. do 8. 4.)

Ne pozabi pri vsaki uri napisati naslova in datuma.

1. ura: Bralno razumevanje: besedilo in besedišče Friends

Učb, str. 68: Preberi besedilo in reši naloge.

- Nal. 1a: Number the pictures. / Razvrsti slike, rešitve zapiši v zvezek.
- Nal. 1b: What did the lion say? / Kaj je rekel lev? Izberi med 3 možnostmi in izbrano rešitev zapiši v zvezek:

1 The language of friendship is not words but meanings.

2 You should choose your friends more carefully.

3 Friendship isn't a big thing, it's a million little things.

- Besedišče: Izpiši slovarček iz DZ pod oznako 6A.
- Bralno razumevanje (Reading comprehension): na **izbiro** imaš dve nalogi, izberi tisto, ki ti bolj ustreza.

1. Are the sentences T, F or NT? / Označi trditve:

1 This is a well-known African story.

2 The monkey asked the antelope to carry him on her back.

3 They sat down in the shade of a tree to rest.

4 It was lunchtime.

5 The antelope couldn't climb a tree.

6 The lion saw the monkey sitting on a branch.

7 The monkey pretended to be dead.

8 The antelope walked away.

2. Answer the questions. / Odgovori na vprašanja.

1 What were the monkey and the antelope doing?

- 2 What reason did the monkey give for being so tired?
- 3 How did the antelope react? Why?
- 4 What happened while they were sitting in the shade?
- 5 What did the monkey suggest?
- 6 Where did the monkey hide?
- 7 How did the lion react?

Kakšno besedilo je zgodba Friends? Basen. Kaj je basen? Pobrskaj po spominu (ali preveri na Internetu).

A fable is a a short story that provides a moral (a life lesson).

- These stories were first written for children.
- They are short and use simple, direct language.
- **The main characters are animals** or plants and they exhibit human behaviours such as talking.

(Razlago zapiši v zvezek.)

NEOBVEZNO:

Have a look at another fable. Choose from the two fables below and write the name of the fable and the moral into your notebook. / Oglej si še eno od obeh predlaganih basni in zapiši v zvezek naziv basni in nauk zgodbe (the moral of the story).

a) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1i6mbw6_2IU

b) <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=iPybpc-xuG0>

(Rešitve za prvo uro in drugo uro preveri v dokumentu Rešitve.)

Preverjene naloge poslikaj in pošlji svoji učiteljici angleščine, da tudi ona vidi, kako dobro ti gre 😊.

2. ura: Happy Easter!

Bralno razumevanje: Preberi besedilo, preveri neznane besede v (spletnem) slovarju, nato pa reši nalogi pod besedilom (Prepiši v zvezek - označi trditve ali odgovori na vprašanja.):



Easter

In the UK, schools usually close for about two weeks at Easter time. Read on to find out more about **how Easter is celebrated in Britain**.

What does it mean?

Easter is a spring festival of new life. As a pagan tradition, it is the beginning of growth and new life after the cold, winter months. The name comes from the Anglo-Saxon goddess of the dawn and spring – Eostre. For Christians, Easter celebrates the resurrection of Jesus Christ and they attend special church services at Easter time. Easter celebrates life and rebirth, which is why we see lots of symbols of new life and fertility at Easter, like eggs, chicks and rabbits.

When is it?

Unlike Christmas, Easter isn't on the same date each year. It takes place on the first Sunday after the first full moon of spring. Schoolchildren and students in the UK have about a two-week holiday at Easter time, which is almost as long as the Christmas holiday. It's also the first public holiday after Christmas and everyone looks forward to their Easter break as a moment to relax, have a short holiday or visit family and friends.

Chocolate eggs

For most British children, Easter means chocolate Easter eggs. The shops are full of bright Easter displays decorated with chicks, rabbits and flowers, all with the objective of selling chocolate eggs in huge numbers. And it works! 90 million chocolate eggs are sold in the UK each year and each child receives on average eight chocolate eggs.

However, the eggs are sold in cardboard boxes and sometimes there's more packaging than chocolate! Also, some people believe that too much chocolate is eaten and most doctors and dentists would advise people to eat Easter eggs in moderation.

Other 'egg-straordinary' traditions

In the UK, chocolate is definitely the most popular way to enjoy eggs at Easter. But there are some less sugary traditions, too. Chickens' eggs are painted and decorated to give as presents, and eggs are also hidden for children to find as part of an 'egg hunt'. Some places even hold competitions to see who can roll an egg down a hill without it breaking!

There are other special foods too. Hot cross buns are typical cakes that are made at Easter time. They are spiced bread rolls with raisins and they always have a cross shape on top. They are delicious toasted with butter.

(vir: British Council)

1. Are the sentences true or false?

- Easter is a summer festival. True False
 - The exact date of Easter is different every year. True False
 - The Easter holiday is two weeks long for everyone in the UK. True False
 - Chocolate eggs are extremely popular. True False
 - Dentists say that people should not eat any Easter eggs. True False
 - In an egg hunt, children hide eggs for adults to find. True False
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2. Fill the gaps with the correct word from the box.

in of at on in as of to

- Easter is a spring festival --- new life.
- Christians attend special church services ---- Easter.
- Easter isn't --- the same date each year.
- Everyone looks forward --- their Easter break.
- The shops are full ---- bright Easter displays.
- The aim of most shops is to sell chocolate eggs --- huge numbers.
- Doctors advise people to eat Easter eggs ---- moderation.
- Eggs are painted and decorated to give --- presents.

NEOBVEZNO:

Video: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=U0979X6ALPY>
(How are Easter eggs made?)

Video: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aHKJQ9DahSY>
(Watch how the Queen's Easter egg is made)